

Implementation Support SNOMED CT in Finland

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SNOMED International Implementation Support Team

December 2023









- Implementation and Education Resources
- Implementation roadmap for healthcare organizations and vendors
- 3. Terminology servers
- Benefits of SNOMED CT in data analytics
- 5. Decision support and examples
- Discussion and questions



Implementation and Education Resources





SNOMED International's Implementation Support Team

Our goal - To collaborate with Members to achieve their SNOMED CT implementation goals, in a way that delivers the most value for them



Alejandro Lopez Osornio
Senior Implementation
Support Specialist



Anne Randorff Højen Implementation Support Specialist

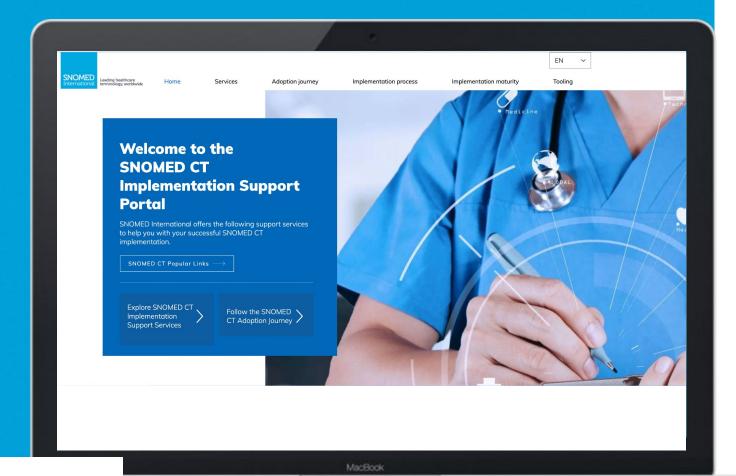


Kai Kewley
Implementation Support
Technical Specialist



Implementation Support Portal

A comprehensive guide to implementation resources and services



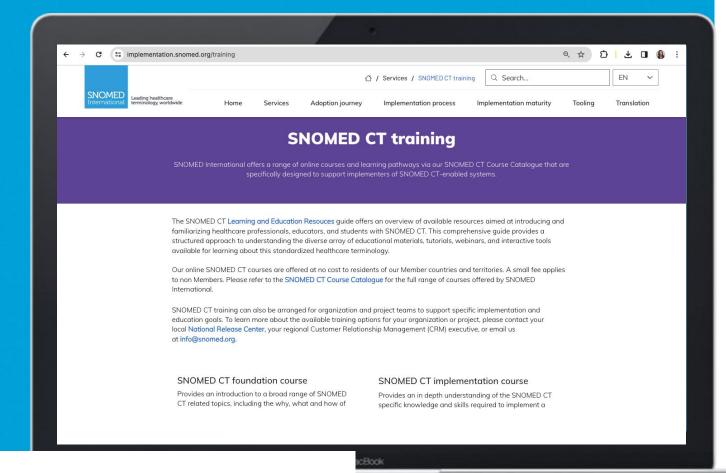
Available at:

http://snomed.org/support



Learning and Education Guide

A comprehensive guide to SNOMED CT Learning and Education resources



Available at:

https://implementation.snomed.org/training



Courses

- Foundation
- Implementation
- Terminology Services
- Authoring Level 1
- Authoring Level 2

Certifications

- Terminology Services
- Authoring Level 1
- Authoring Level 2

Learning pathways

- Developers
- Data analysts
- Clinicians
- Translation



VED International: Delivering SNOMED CT ——

SNOMED CT Document Library

An important source of information for anyone adopting, authoring, implementing, deploying or using SNOMED CT

- Overviews
- Guides
- Specifications
- SNOMED CT Expo
- Glossary



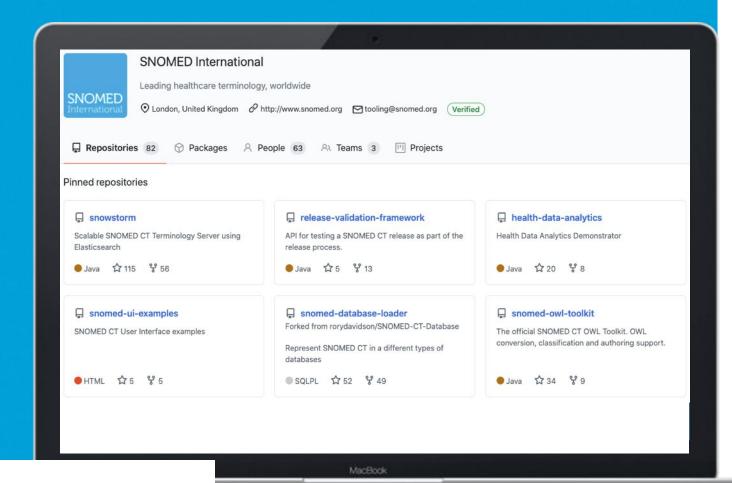
http://snomed.org/doc





IHTSDO GitHub Repositories

Contain open source code for a range of SNOMED CT software tools



Available at: https://github.com/IHTSDO

SNOMED International: Delivering SNOMED CT

SNOMED International: Delivering SNOMED CT

Questions?







- Implementation and Education Resources
- Implementation roadmap for healthcare organizations and vendors
- 3. Terminology servers
- 4. Benefits of SNOMED CT in data analytics
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Implementation Roadmap for Healthcare Organizations and Vendors

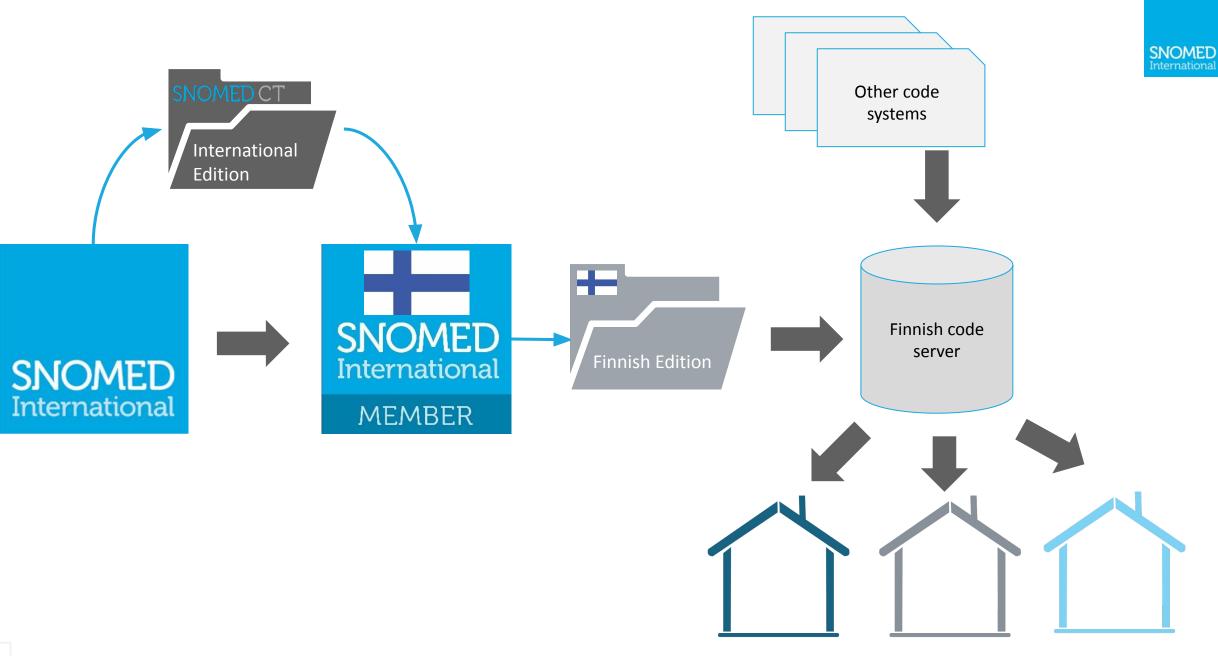
snomed.org

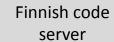


@snomedct



linkedin.com/company/ihtsdo/





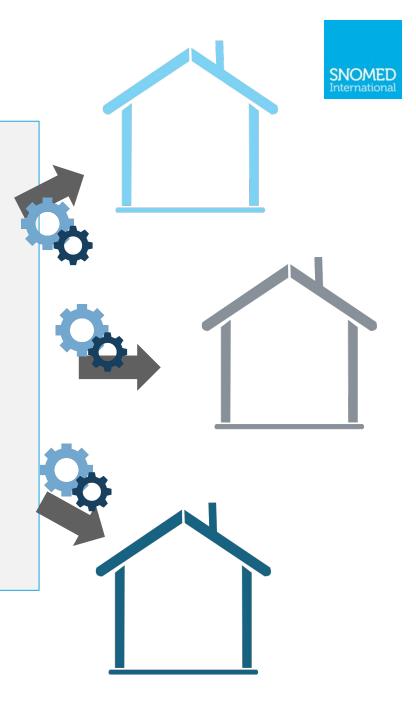




Finnish translation

Subsets specific for Finnish use cases, e.g. TOKS and pathology subset

Maps between SNOMED CT and code systems used in Finland

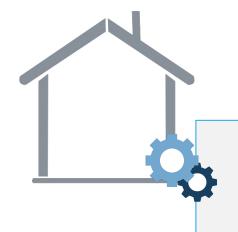






- 1. SNOMED CT roadmap planning
- 2. Developing & maintaining SNOMED CT artifacts (subsets, maps, etc.)
- 3. Deploying terminology services
- 4. Embedding SNOMED CT in clinical systems
- 5. Training and stakeholder engagement





1. SNOMED CT roadmap planning

Peveloping & maintaining SNOMED CT artifacts ts, maps, etc.)

minology services

Goals

Short- and long term objectives (what benefits do you wish to obtain?)

Approaches and architecture

- How can objectives be met by existing architectural dependencies?
- What changes are possible to support these objectives?

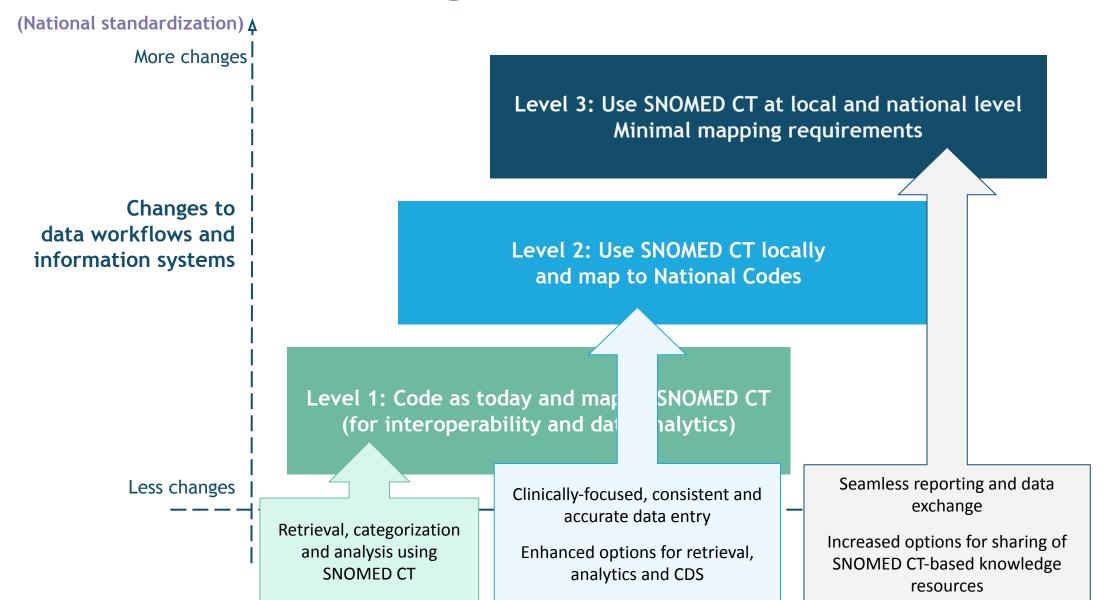
Terminology derivatives

- What subsets, maps, services are required to support the objectives?
- How will these derivatives be developed, maintained and implemented?

Understanding Implementation Options

SNOMED CT Integration Options

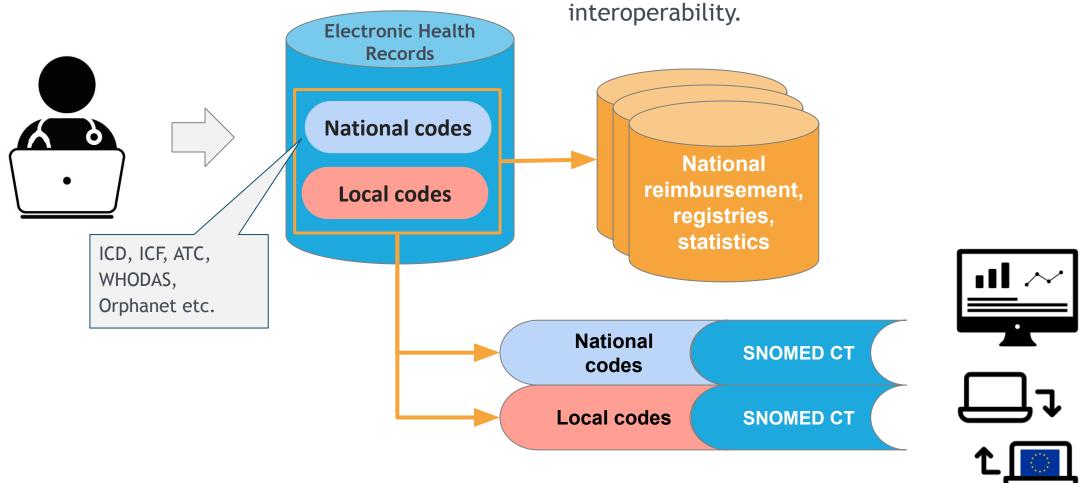




SNOMED International

Level 1: Code as today and map to SNOMED CT (for interoperability and data analytics)

- Hospitals can code with the same code systems they use today, and submit national codes using existing processes.
- Maps between SNOMED CT and local, national and other codes enable data analytics and





Level 1: Code as today and map to SNOMED CT (for interoperability and data analytics)

SNOMED International

 Mapping to SNOMED CT provides a uniform representation of the clinical information using an international standard, ready for data analytics and interoperability

404002 Toisen puolen halvausoire ja roikkuminen

870 Downin syndrooma

9898/3 Myeloid leukemia associated with Down Syndrome

151.7 Cardiomegaly

ENSIH	Мар	SNOMED CT
ORPHA	Мар	SNOMED CT
SSR- Morfologia	Мар	SNOMED CT
ICD-10	Мар	SNOMED CT

50582007 |Toispuolihalvaus (häiriö)|

41040004 |Täydellinen 21-trisomia (häiriö)|

450935006 | Myeloid leukemia associated with Down Syndrome (morphologic abnormality) |

8186001 |Cardiomegaly (disorder)|

National reimbursement, registries, statistics



Level 1: Code as today and map to SNOMED CT (for interoperability and data analytics)



Parents

- Disorder of the central nervous system (disorder)
- Paralytic syndrome on one side of the body (disorder)





SCTID: 50582007

50582007 | Hemiplegia (disorder) |

- en Hemiplegia (disorder)
- en Hemiplegia
- en Hemiplegia (paralysis on one side)

Finding site → Structure of central nervous system

Interprets → Movement observable
Has interpretation → Absent

Interprets → Movement

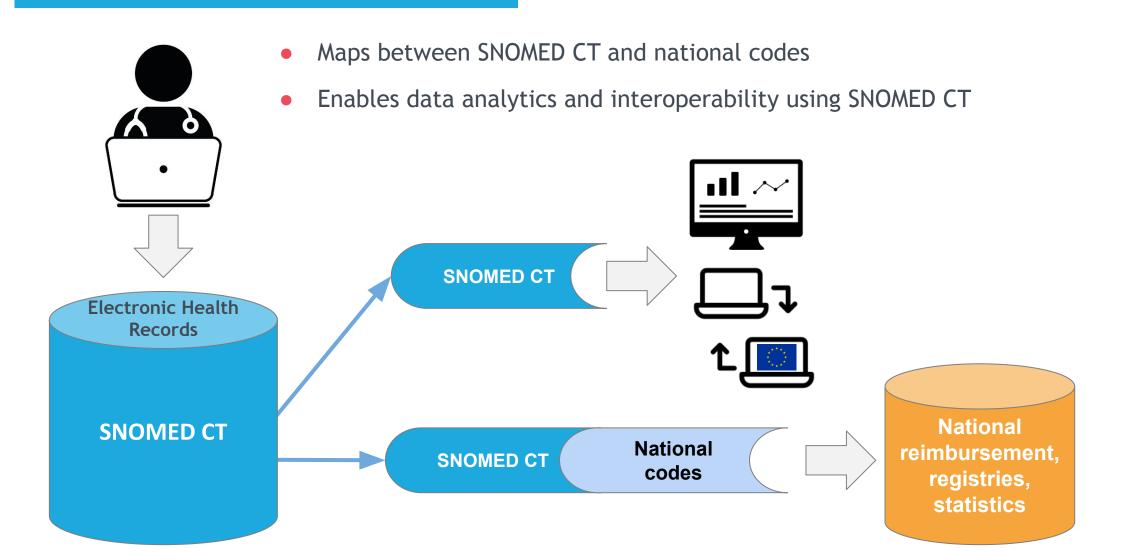
Children (16)

- Alternating hemiplegia (disorder)
- Alternating hypoglossal hemiplegia (disorder)
- Cerebral hemiplegia (disorder)
- Facial hemiplegia (disorder)
- Flaccid hemiplegia (disorder)
- Hemiplegia as late effect of cerebrovascular disease (disorder)
- Hemiplegia of dominant side (disorder)
- Hemiplegia of nondominant side (disorder)
- Infantile hemiplegia (disorder)
- Laryngeal hemiplegia (disorder)

Left haminlagia (diserder)

Level 2: Use SNOMED CT locally and map to National Codes





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Level 2: Use SNOMED CT locally and map to National Codes

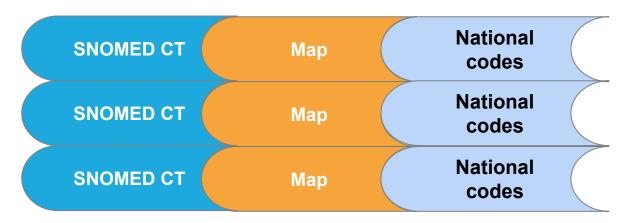
SNOMED International

 Mapping from SNOMED CT allows the use of the full diversity of SNOMED CT codes in the clinical records, with different granularities. The mapping may require manual selection and validation.

109820009 |Nodular hyperplasia of liver|

235887001 |Rupture of liver|

111371005 |Subcapsular hemorrhage of liver|



- K76.89 Other specified diseases of liver
- K76.89 Other specified diseases of liver
- K76.89 Other specified diseases of liver

Electronic Health Records

Granular and accurate recording for clinical precision

Coarse grained coding for reporting and statistics

National reimbursement, registries, statistics

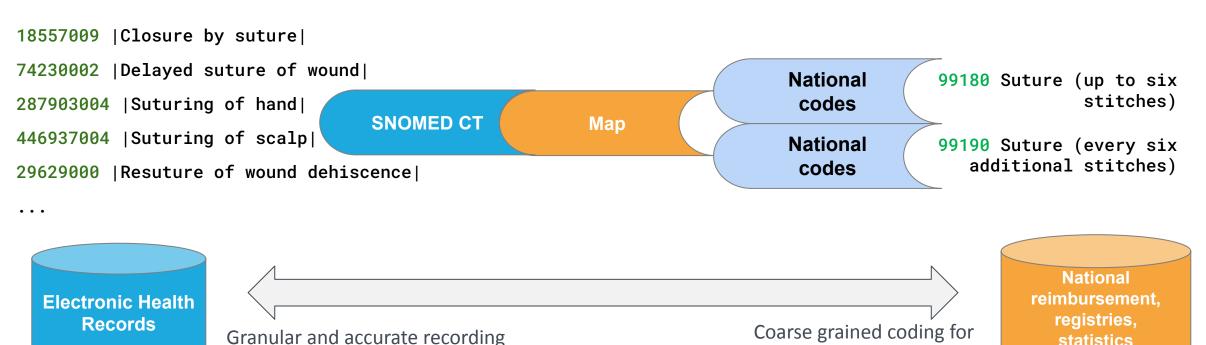
statistics

reporting and statistics

Level 2: Use SNOMED CT locally and map to National Codes

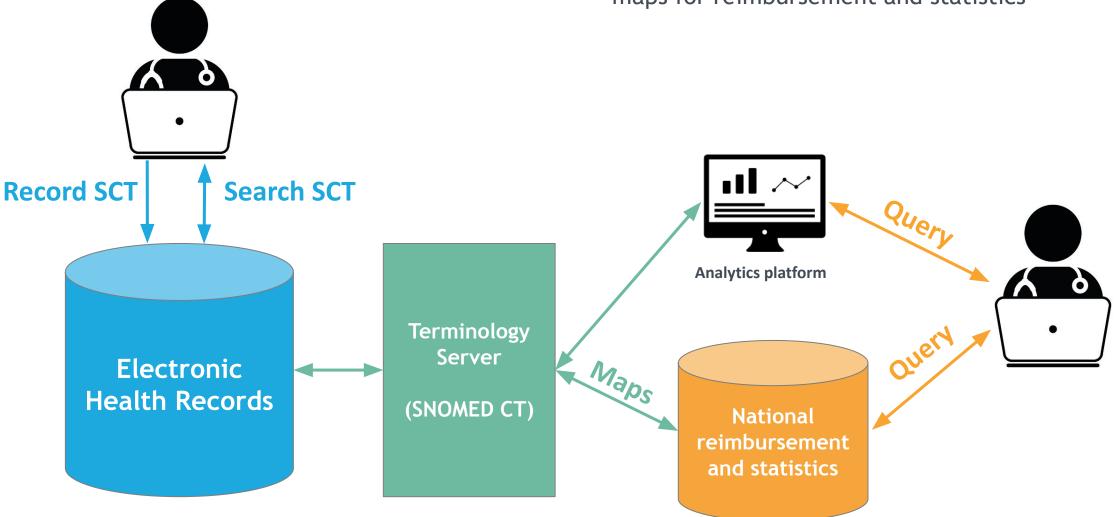
for clinical precision

Semi-automated mapping: mapping from SNOMED CT to National Codes or ICD in some instances require human adjudication of the final code/s.



Level 2: Use SNOMED CT to code and semi-automated map to National Codes

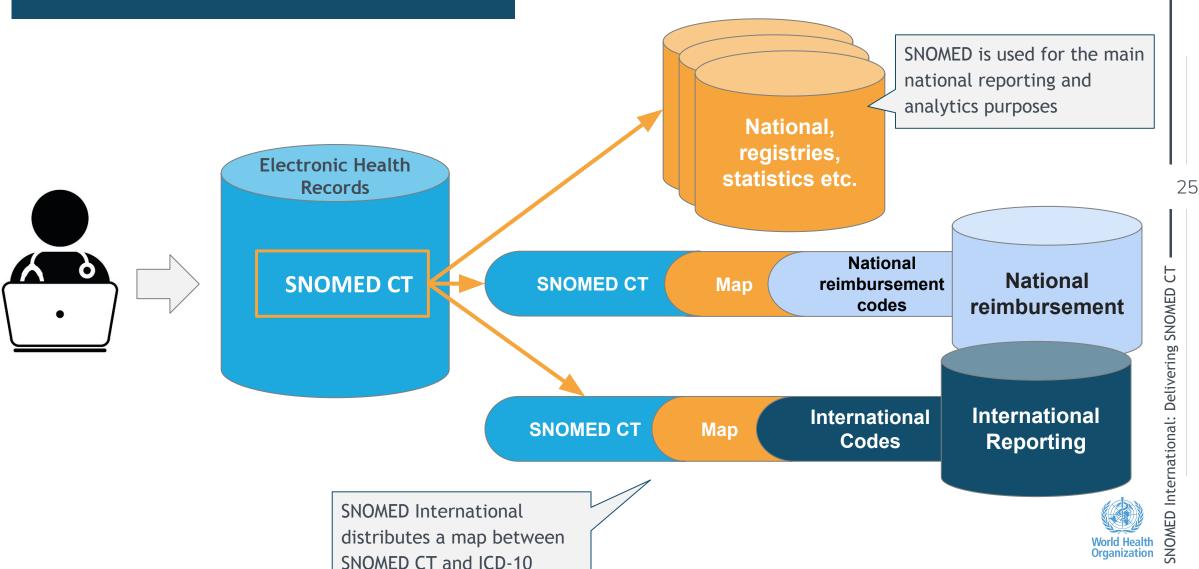
 Using a terminology server to search and select codes to record in the EHR, to perform advanced queries for analytics, and using maps for reimbursement and statistics



Level 3: Use SNOMED CT at local and national level
Minimal mapping requirements

 SNOMED CT is the main terminology used for national reporting and data analytics





Considerations

Level 1: Code as today and map to SNOMED CT (for interoperability and data analytics)

- Natural starting point when options for system changes are limited
- Health record can keep using local codes
- Large effort to establish and maintain maps
- Risk of low accuracy for secondary use cases

Level 2: Use SNOMED CT locally and map to National Codes

- Point-of-care data capture using SNOMED CT (high accuracy)
- Foundation for data analytics and clinical decision support utilizing features of SNOMED CT
- System must be updated to apply SNOMED CT
- Maps must be developed and maintained

Level 3: Use SNOMED CT at local and national level

- As for level 2, but
 - Minimal mapping requirements

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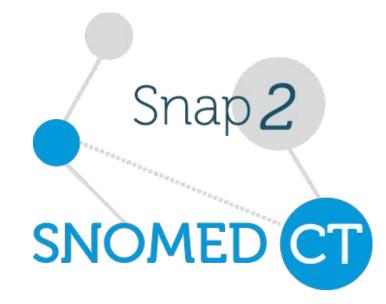
ring terminology services

NOMED CT in clinical systems

- SNOMED CT value sets https://refset.snomedtools.org (new tool under development)
 - Tool for developing and maintaining SNOMED CT simple reference sets (subsets)
- SNOMED CT maps https://snap.snomedtools.org
 - Collaborative tool for creating and maintaining maps to SNOMED CT

Level 1: Code as today and map to SNOMED CT (for interoperability and data analytics)

- A collaborative mapping tool
- Auto-map feature with lexical matches
- Includes a revision process
- Maps can be published in different formats
- Facilitates the migration if an existing map to new versions of SNOMED CT
- Useful in Level 1, to map local codes to SNOMED





To learn more visit:

https://snap.snomedtools.org/



Snap2SnomedMapping tool

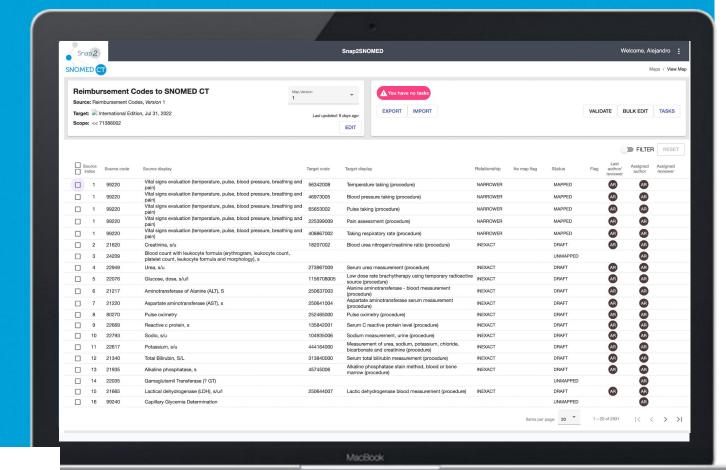
Free access mapping tool for users in SNOMED International Member Countries.

Supports mapping from local terminologies to SNOMED CT.

Collaborative mapping with authors and reviewers

To learn more visit:

https://snap.snomedtools.org/









- 1. SNOMED CT roadmap planning
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dding SNOMED CT in clinical systems

- Snowstorm https://github.com/IHTSDO/snowstorm
- Terminology Services training
 - Guide: <u>http://snomed.org/tsq</u>
 - Terminology Services course: https://courses.ihtsdotools.org/product?catalog=TSC
 - Developer day: https://snomed.org/dev-training





Terminology binding (enable SNOMED CT in specific parts of applied information models)

Resources for demonstrating and applying SNOMED CT in Clinical Systems

- Implementation demonstrators
 - https://www.implementation.snomed.org/demonstrators
- Implementation Guides for clinical use cases
- SNOMED CT derivative products maps, subsets etc.
- 3. De minology services
- 4. Embedding SNOMED CT in clinical systems
- 5. Training and stakeholder engagement





Collaborative Approach

- Foster multidisciplinary collaboration among clinicians, developers, and policymakers
- Implement effective communication and feedback loops for continuous involvement and alignment

(Ju)

- 3. D minology services
- 4. dedding SNOMED CT in clinical systems
- 5. Training and stakeholder engagement

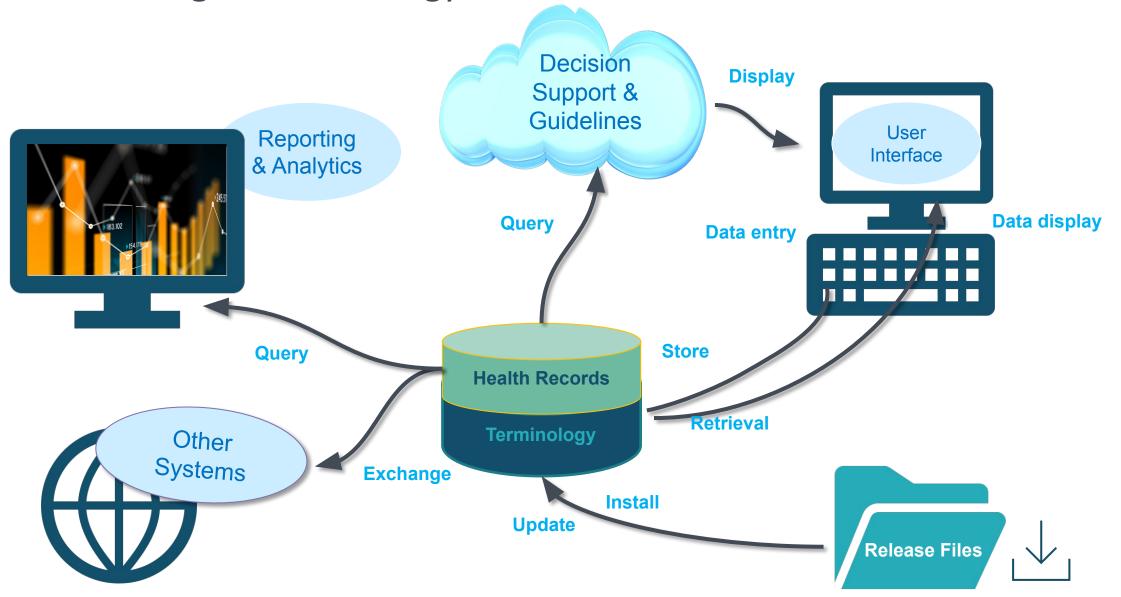




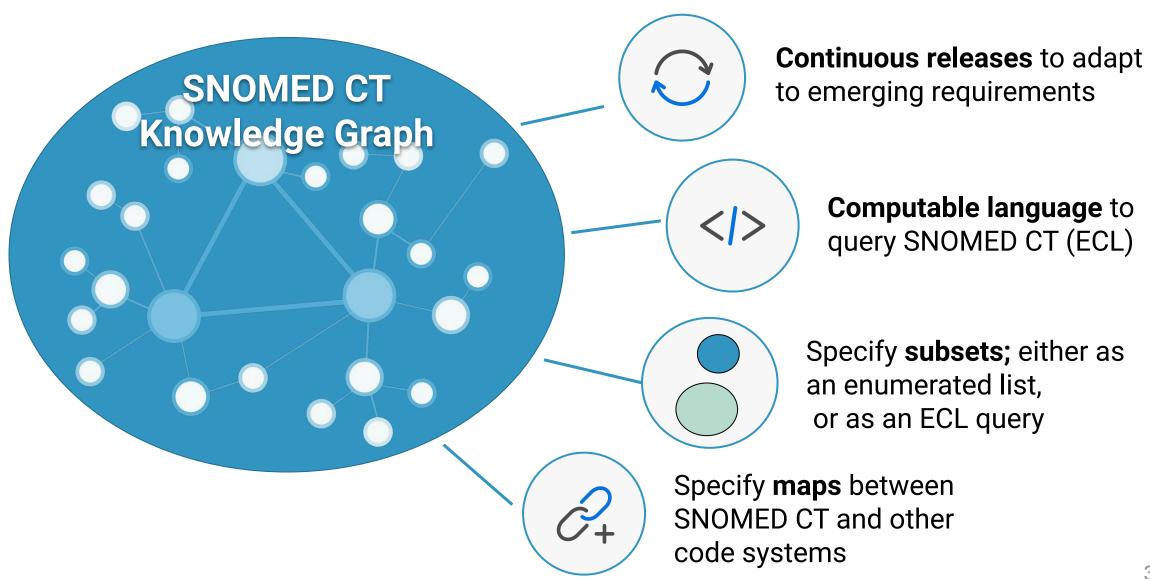
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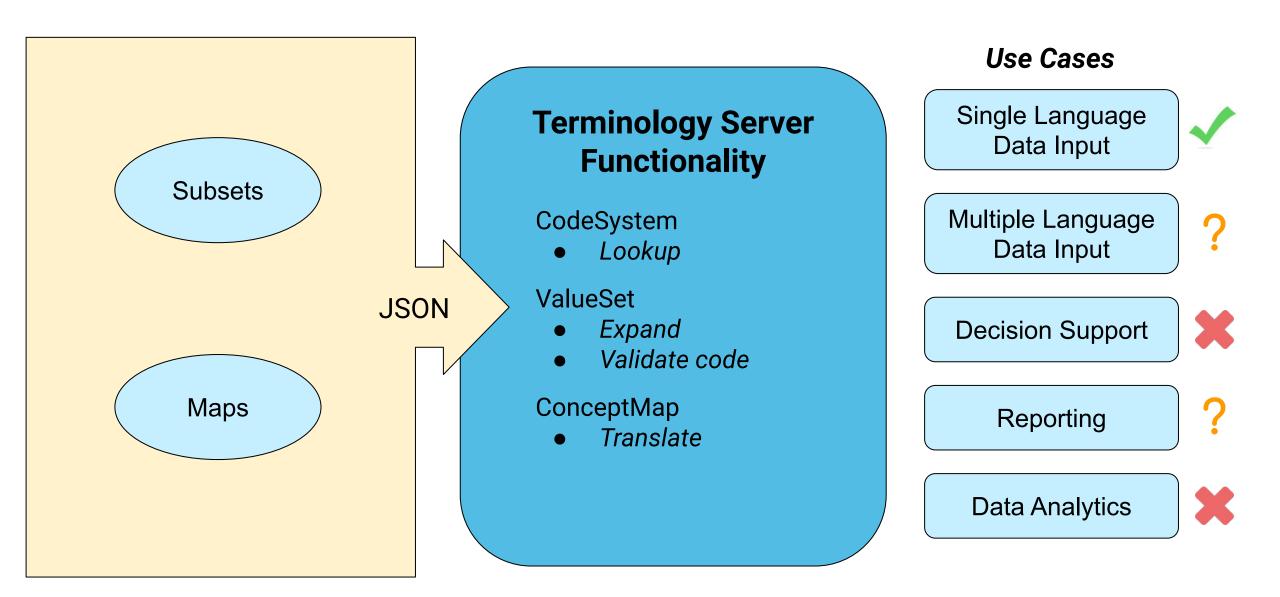




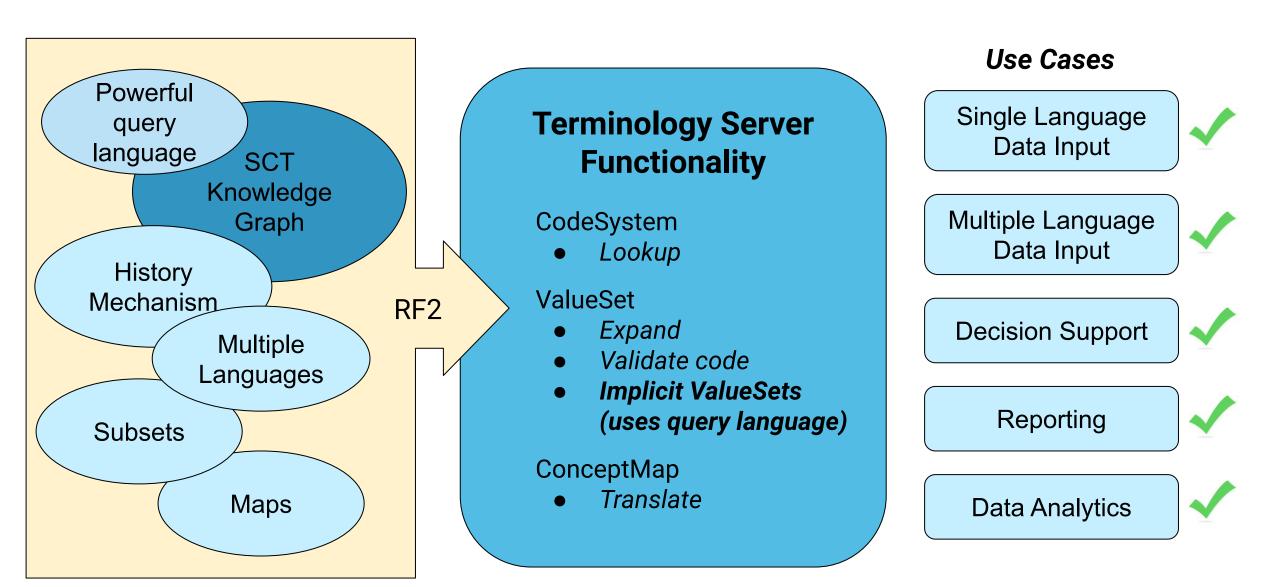
SNOMED CT is a Graph of Clinical Knowledge



Terminology Services based on flat lists



Terminology Services based on full SNOMED CT



SNOMED CT Enabled EHR Services



Record Services



Analytics Services







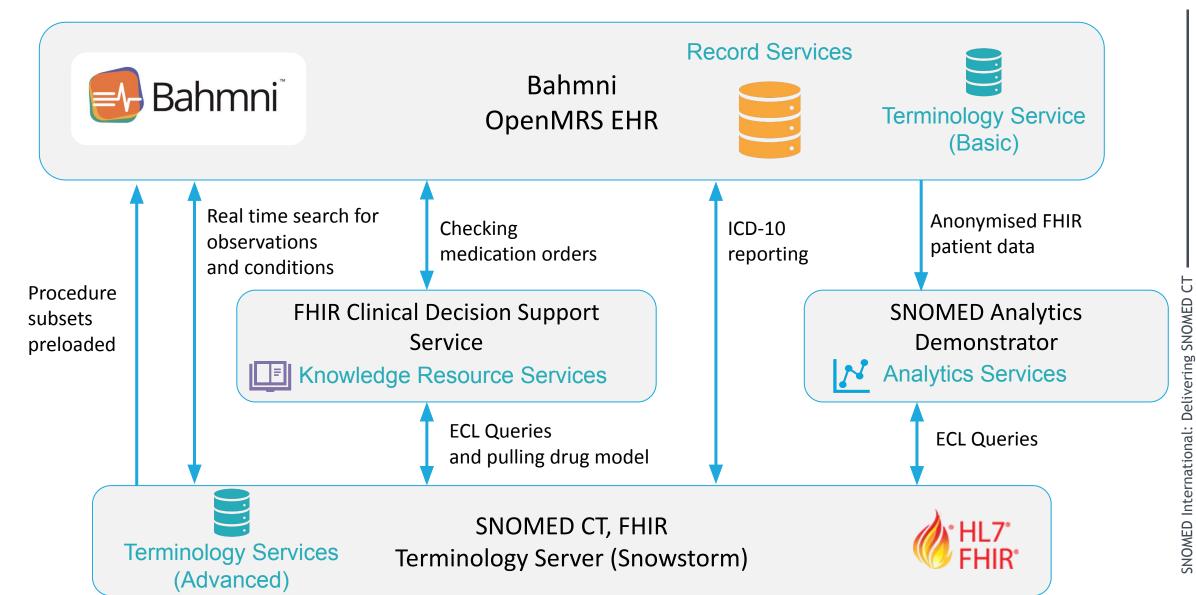


Knowledge Resource Services



Example: Bahmni Integration Architecture





Terminology services

SNOMED CT Terminology Services provide an effective way of implementing SNOMED CT by enabling SNOMED CT content to be searched and queried via an API (application programming interface).

A rapid and effective way of deploying SNOMED CT in a national or local implementation is to use a SNOMED CT enabled terminology server. A SNOMED CT terminology server simplifies the development of clinical applications that use SNOMED CT, by providing optimized terminology services through an APIs (Application Programming Interfaces). Terminology services may include:

- Searching for SNOMED CT content using term matching, the hierarchy, or defining relationships (see Snowstorm Search Guide),
- Retrieving information about a given concept, including descriptions for a given dialect, supertypes, subtypes and defining relationships,
- Executing Expression Constraint Queries (ECL) on a particular SNOMED CT edition, and
- Accessing maps to/from SNOMED CT and other reference set information.

Terminology servers can either import data from a SNOMED CT release package, or periodically synchronise its content with another terminology server. The loaded SNOMED CT content can then be made available to browsers or electronic health records using a convenient API that implements terminology best practices. Using a terminology server in your implementation can save time, by removing the need to implement these services from scratch. The use of standardized APIs can also simplify their integration into end user applications.

To learn more about using terminology services, please enrol in our SNOMED CT Terminology Services Course (free for Members).





SNOMED International develops and maintains Snowstorm, a SNOMED CT terminology server built on top of Elasticsearch, with a focus on performance and enterprise scalability. Snowstorm provides the terminology server API for a range of SNOMED CT tools used by SNOMED International, including the SNOMED CT Browser and the SNOMED CT Authoring Platform. As an open-source tool, Snowstorm can be installed locally to provide a terminology services API to clinical applications.

- Source code: https://github.com/IHTSDO/snowstorm
- Snowstorm API: https://snowstorm.snomedtools.org/snowstorm/snomed-ct
- FHIR API: https://snowstorm.snomedtools.org/fhir/

Snowstorm: An Open Source Application



Open Source

- https://github.com/IHTSDO/snowstorm
- Apache 2.0 license

Features

- Provides FHIR terminology services
- Cross platform, simple to install and run
- Support for the SNOMED ECL query language
- Can hosts multiple FHIR code systems (LOINC/ICD etc)
- Fast and horizontally scalable using Elasticsearch







Tools that leverage Snowstorm

- SNOMED International Authoring Platform, Browser, Analytics and UI Demonstrators
- Bahmni OpenMRS EHR system
- O Many more!

Snowstorm: What it is not

- Snowstorm is an application that you should deploy within your own country. The public Snowstorm instance hosted by SNOMED International is not intended for production use.
- SNOMED International is heavily invested in maintaining the Snowstorm application, but the organisation are not able to provide any commercial support agreement.
 We can provide informal support to NRCs and vendors.







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Benefits of SNOMED CT in Data Analytics





Outline

Insights for Better



Background

SNOMED CT: A Cornerstone of Clinical Data Analysis

Introduction

- Clinical data analytics
- Meaning-based retrieval with SNOMED CT

Analytics scenarios

- Population health monitoring
- Designing preventative measures
- Assessing treatments
- **Interpreting the Results**



SNOMED CT Search Demo ⚠ High Adverse Reaction Risks Patient Details **Current Encounter** Thu Jun 24 2021 08:52:28 GMT+0200 (Central European Summer Time) Allergies / Adverse Reactions S Abdominal pain Medication Investigations S Appendicitis Immunizations Patient Summary S Appende Appendectomy Interval appendectomy Inversion appendectomy SNOMED International Incidental appendectomy Emergency appendectomy

"Is this SNOMED CT?
I don't see any codes!
I only see the clinical terms that
are meaningful to me!"



DELIVERED BY

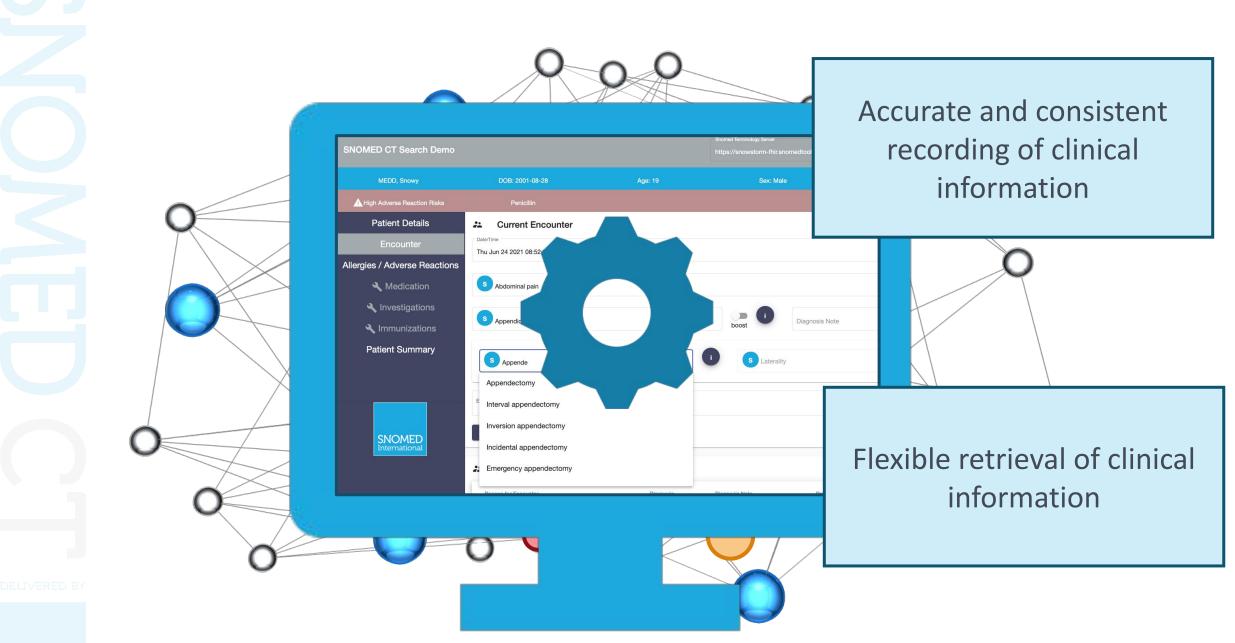
"Inflammatory morphology" 409774005 NOMED CT Search Demo "Is thi 74400008 e any codes! Tonly see the dinical terms that Patient Details Current Encounter "Appendix" are meaningful to me!" Thu Jun 24 2021 08:52:28 GMT+0200 (Central European Summer Time) 66754008 lergies / Adverse Reactions "Disease" S Abdominal pain Medication "Excision of appendix" 64572001 Investigations S Appendicitis Immunizations "Appendectomy" Patient Summary S Appende 80146002 Appendectomy Interval appendectomy Inversion appendectomy SNOMED International "Procedure" Incidental appendectomy "Excision" Emergency appendectomy 71388002 129304002

DELLVERED BY

SNOMED

"Inflammatory morphology" 409774005 NOMED CT Search Demo 74400008 Sex: Male Patient Details Current Encounter "Appendix" Thu Jun 24 2021 08:52:28 GMT+0200 (Central European Summer Time) 66754008 lergies / Adverse Reactions "Disease" S Abdominal pain Medication 64572001 Investigations S Appendicitis Immunizations Patient Summary S Appende 80146002 Appendectomy Interval appendectomy Inversion appendectomy "Procedure" SNOMED International "Excision" Incidental appendectomy Emergency appendectomy 71388002 129304002

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Data Analytics and Meaning-based Data Retrieval





Data Analytics





Data Analytics



Population health monitoring What are the trends?

Patient care and treatment



Population health



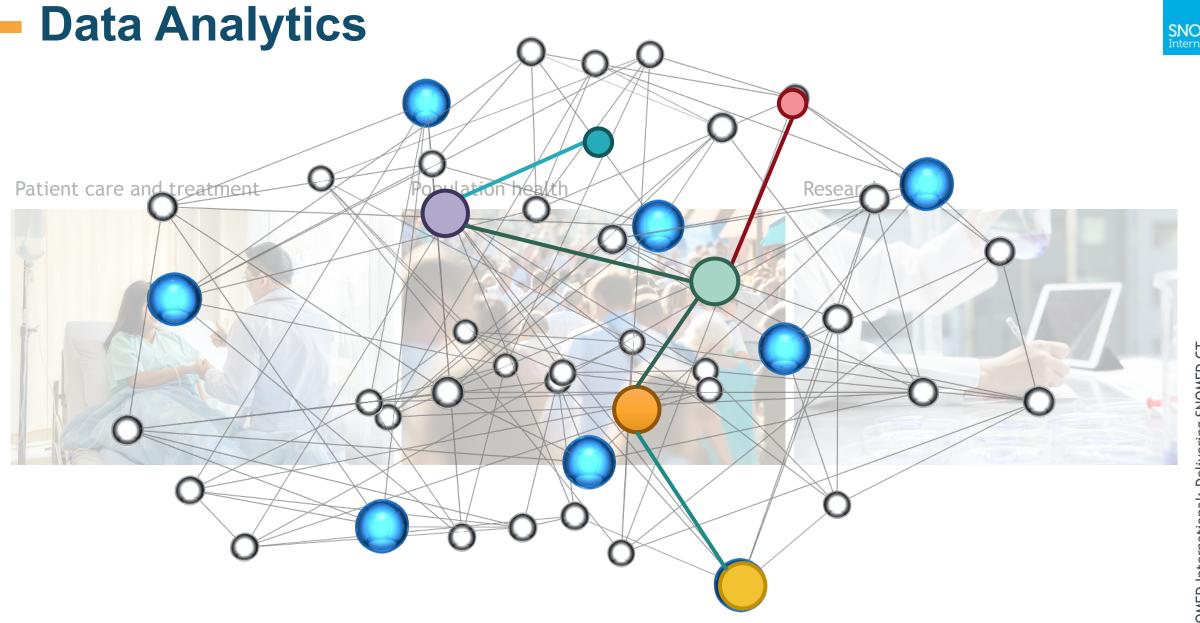
Research



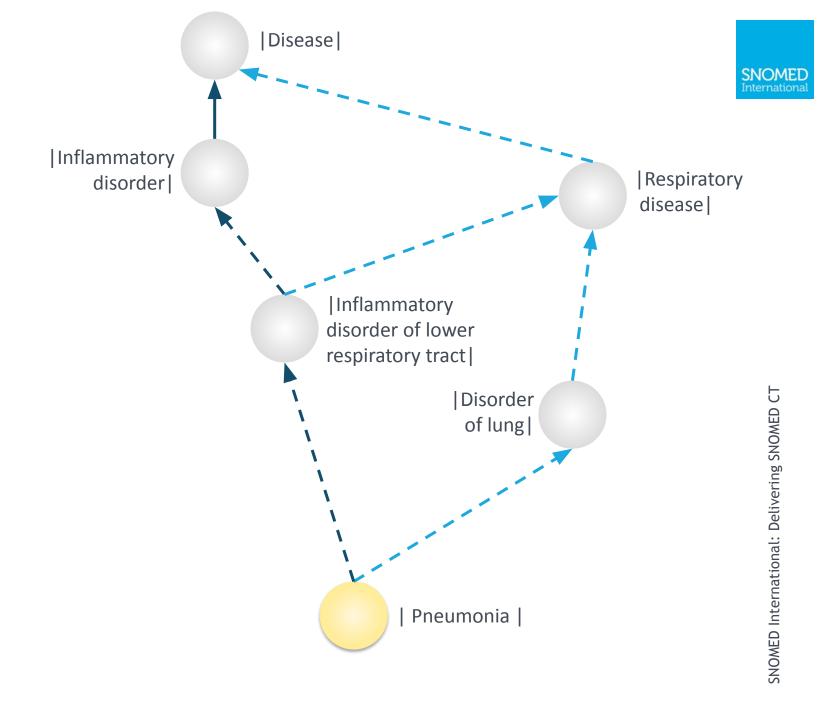
Assessing treatments What will happen to me?

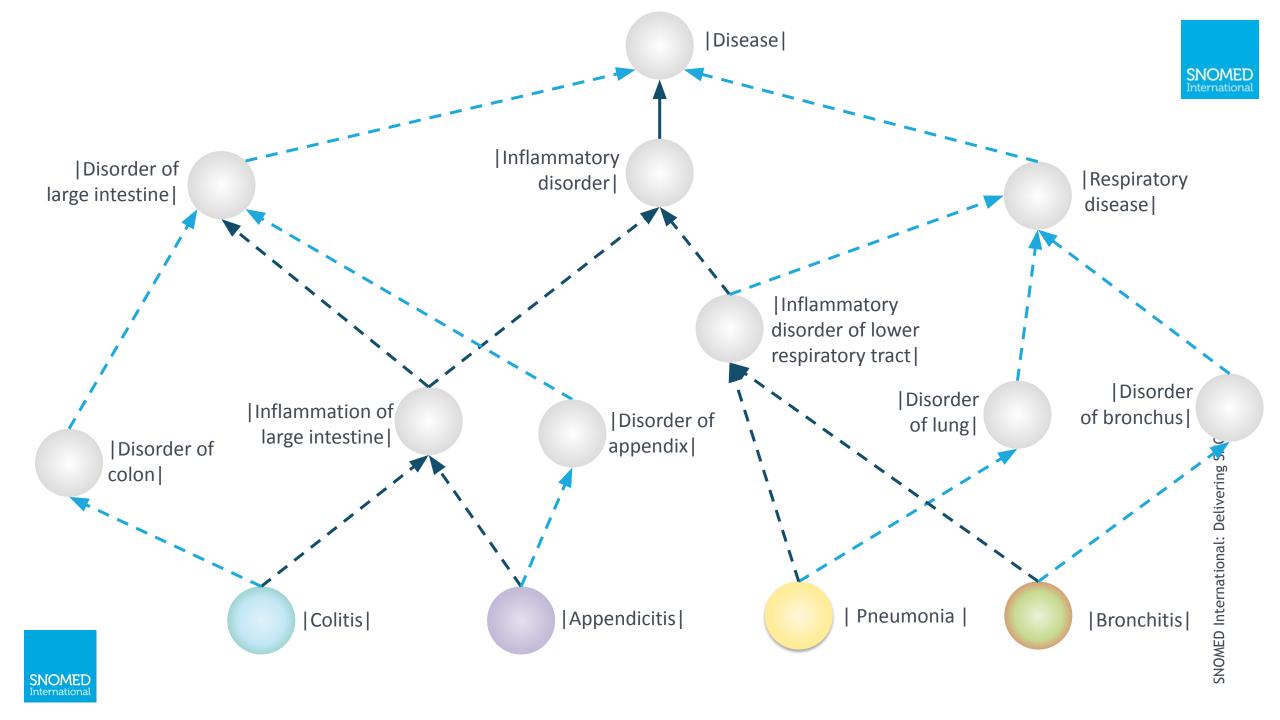


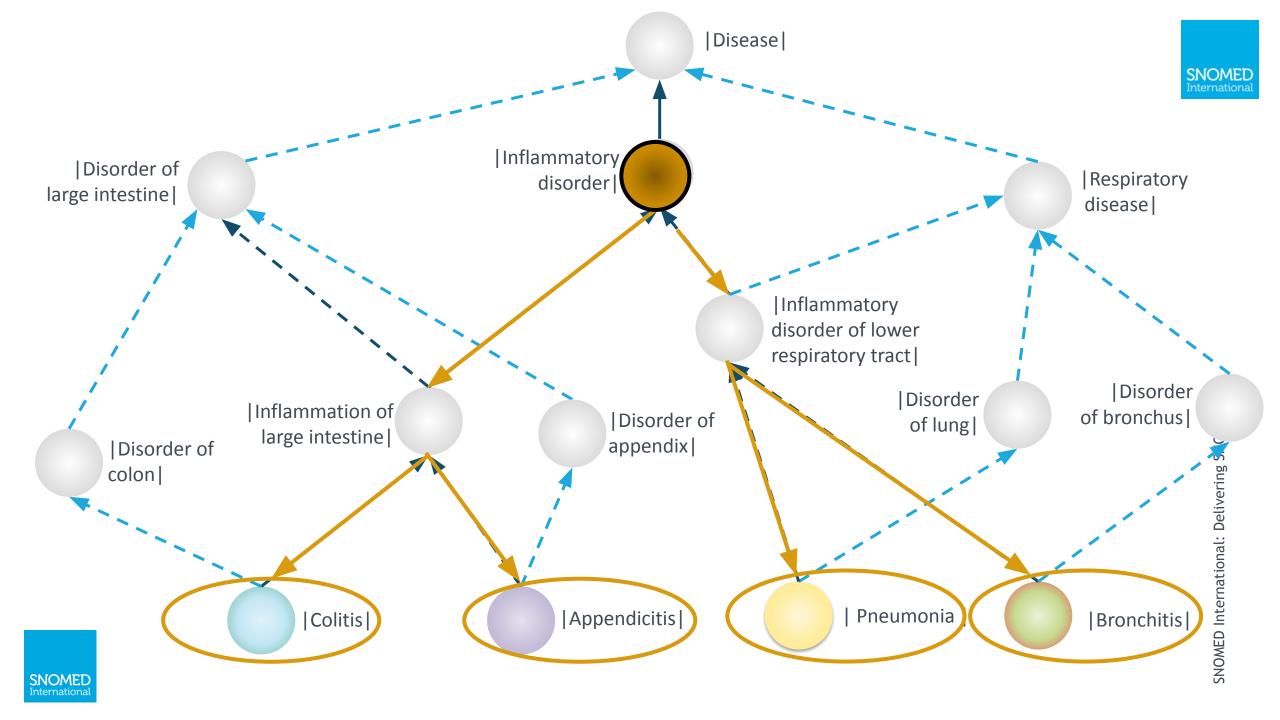
Improving the quality and efficiency of care
What are the causal effects?

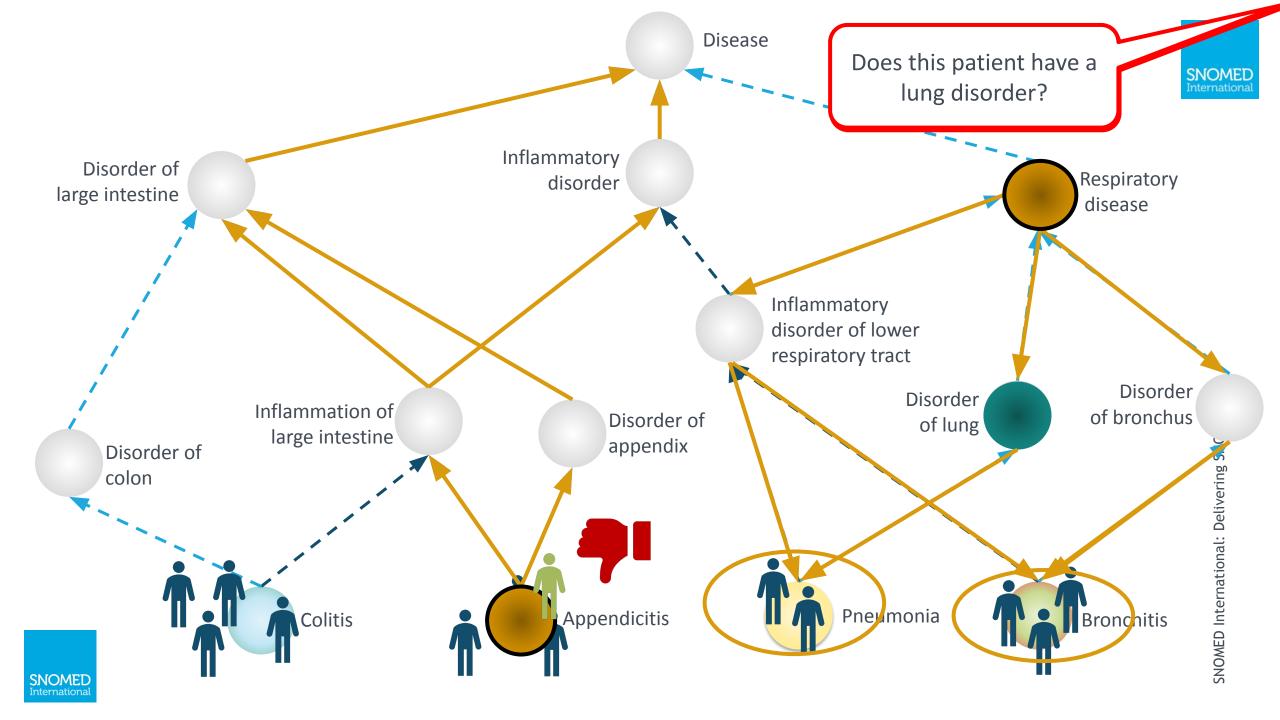


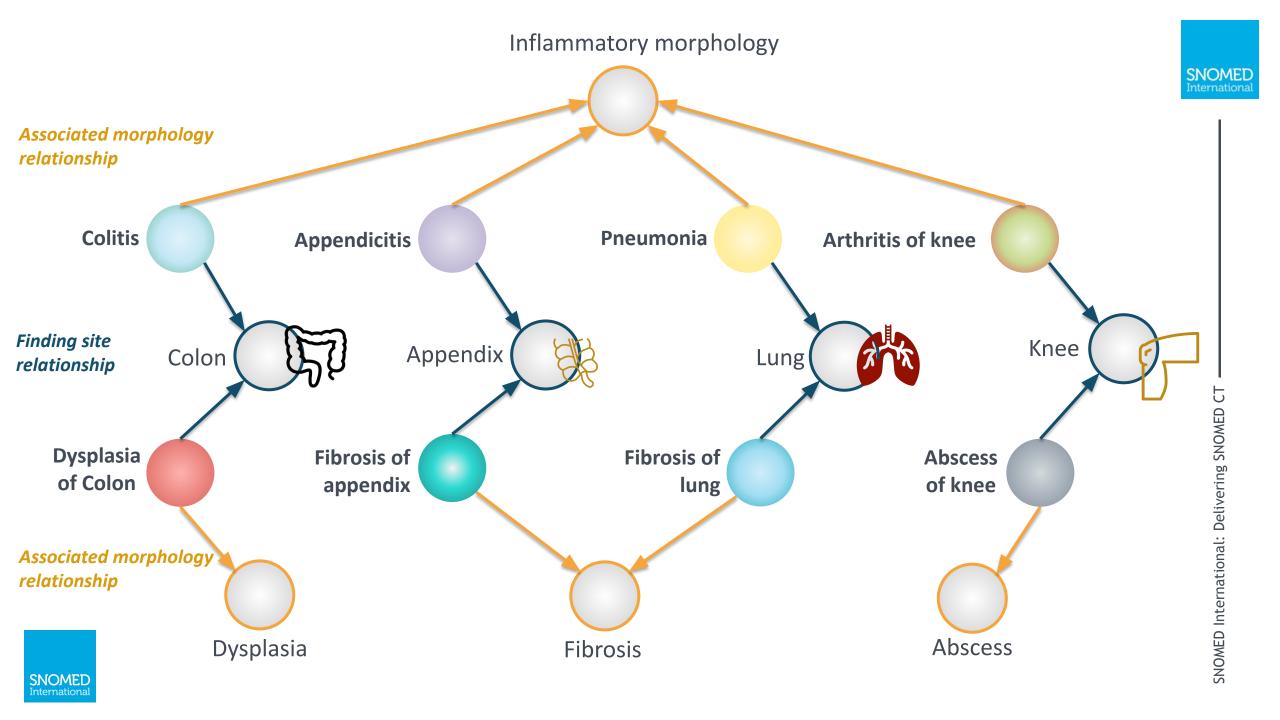
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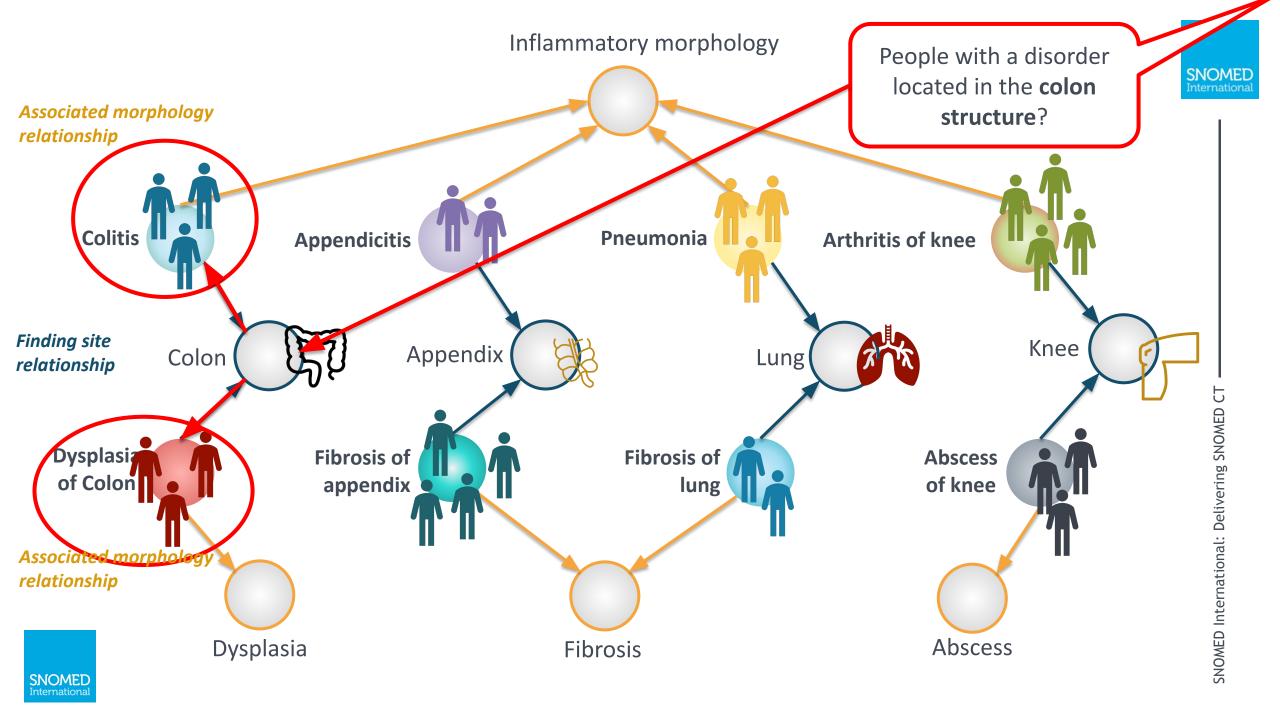


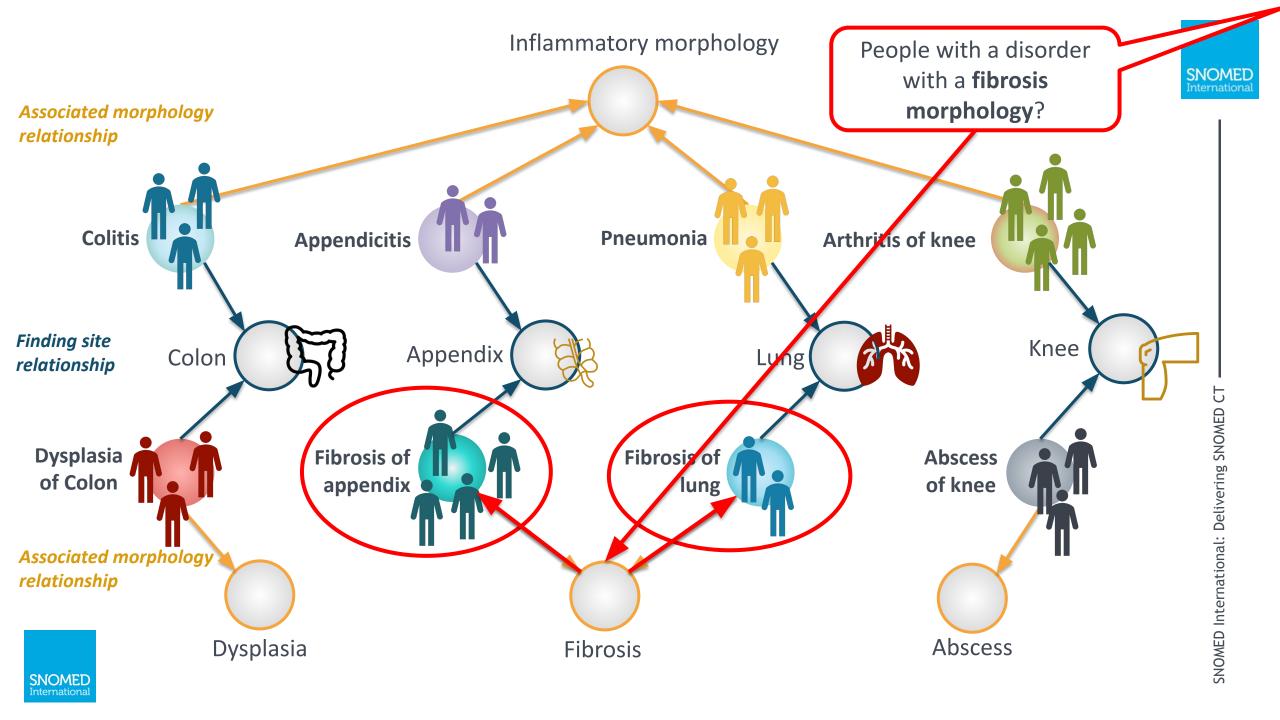












Question

What concepts

People with a **respiratory disease**?

All concepts that are subtypes of the concept 'respiratory disease'

People with a disorder located in the **colon structure**?

All concepts that represent a disease with a finding site of 'colon structure'

People with a disorder with a **fibrosis morphology**?

All concepts that represent a disease with a morphology of 'fibrosis'

Expression constraint language

Query

<< 50043002 |Respiratory disease|

< 64572001 |Disease| : 363698007 |Finding site| = << 71854001 |Colon structure|

 < 64572001 |Disease| :</td>
 \$\frac{1}{2}\$

 116676008 |Associated morphology| = \$\frac{1}{2}\$
 \$\frac{1}{2}\$

 << 112674009 |Fibrosis| ::</td>
 \$\frac{1}{2}\$



Symbol	Name
<	Descendant of
<<	Descendant or self of
>	Ancestor of
>>	Ancestor or self of
</th <th>Child of</th>	Child of
^	Member of
^ [x,y]	Member of with field selection
*	Any
:	Refinement
AND	Conjunction
OR	Disjunction
MINUS	Exclusion
[xy]	Cardinality
R	Reverse attribute
	Dotted attribute
{{ D }}	Description filter
{{ C }}	Concept filter
{{ M }}	Member filter
{{ +HISTORY }}	History supplement



SNOMED International

<< 50043002 |Respiratory disease|

< 64572001 |Disease| : 363698007 |Finding site| = << 71854001 |Colon structure|

< 64572001 |Disease| : 116676008 |Associated morphology| = << 112674009 |Fibrosis|

To learn more visit:

http://snomed.org/ecl



Expression Constraint Language





Enter an ECL query (ECL Version: 2.0)

<< 254837009 ||Malignant tumor of breast|

ECL Builder

Execute

Results: Found 147 concepts

Concept	Preferred Term	ld
Metastatic malignant neoplasm to lymph node from primary malignant neoplasm of female breast (disorder)	Metastatic malignant neoplasm to lymph node from primary malignant neoplasm of female breast	162606310001191
Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of left breast (disorder)	Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of left breast	159502210001191
Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of left breast (disorder)	Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of left breast	159501410001191
Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of right breast (disorder)	Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of right breast	159501010001191

Expression Constraint Language



Refinements

< 64572001 | Disease | :

363698007 |Finding site| = << 76752008 |Breast structure|,

116676008 |Associated morphology| = << 367651003 |Malignant Neoplasm (Morphology)|

Enter an ECL query (ECL Version: 2.0)

116676008 |Associated morphology| = <

< 64572001 |Disease| : 363698007 |Finding site| = << 76752008

ECL Builder

Execute

Results: Found 147 concepts

Concept	Preferred Term	ld
Metastatic malignant neoplasm to lymph node from primary malignant neoplasm of female breast (disorder)	Metastatic malignant neoplasm to lymph node from primary malignant neoplasm of female breast	16260631000119101
Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of left breast (disorder)	Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of left breast	15950221000119108
Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of left breast (disorder)	Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of left breast	15950141000119105
Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of right breast (disorder)	Primary basal cell carcinoma of skin of right breast	15950101000119108
Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of right breast	Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of right	15950061000119105



Technique: Patient Data Analytics

<< 254837009 | Malignant tumor of breast |</p>

Terminology Server

Patient_Id	Diagnosis	Diagnosis term
001	145501000119108	Metastatic malignant neoplasm of breast
002	722223000	Cyst of kidney
003	254840009	Inflammatory carcinoma of breast
004	64226004	Colitis
005	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
006	278050001	Sarcoma of breast
007	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
800	254837009	Malignant tumor of breast
009	405944004	Asthmatic bronchitis
010	46635009	Type 1 diabetes mellitus

EHR or Data Warehouse





Population Health Monitoring





Data Analytics 1 - Population monitoring



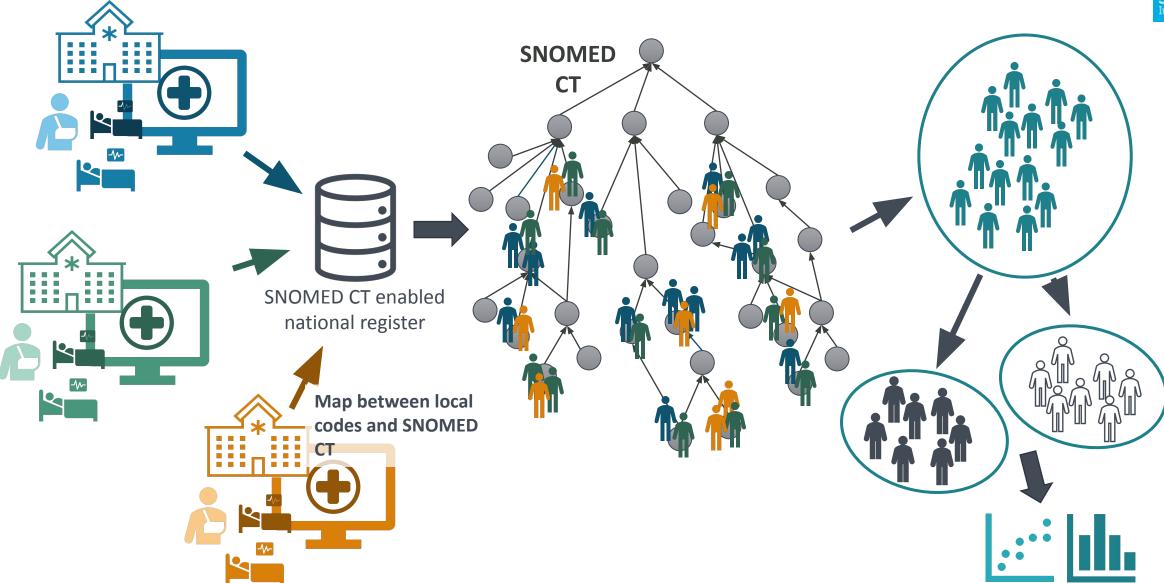
Population health



Population health monitoring What are the trends?

Point of Care





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Data Analytics 1 - Population monitoring



Summarize and aggregate health-related information

Identify health trends and patterns across a population



Monitor the incidence and prevalence of diseases

Monitor effect of national programmes and initiatives

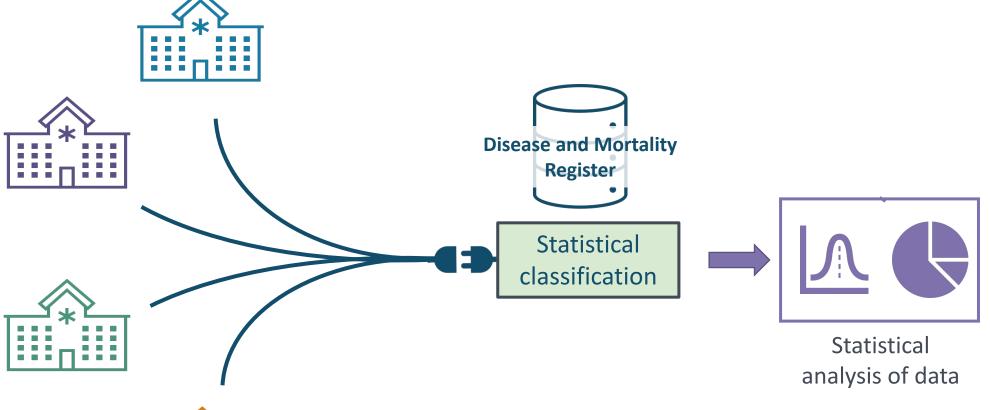
Balance and prioritize healthcare related costs

Demonstration 1 - Population monitoring

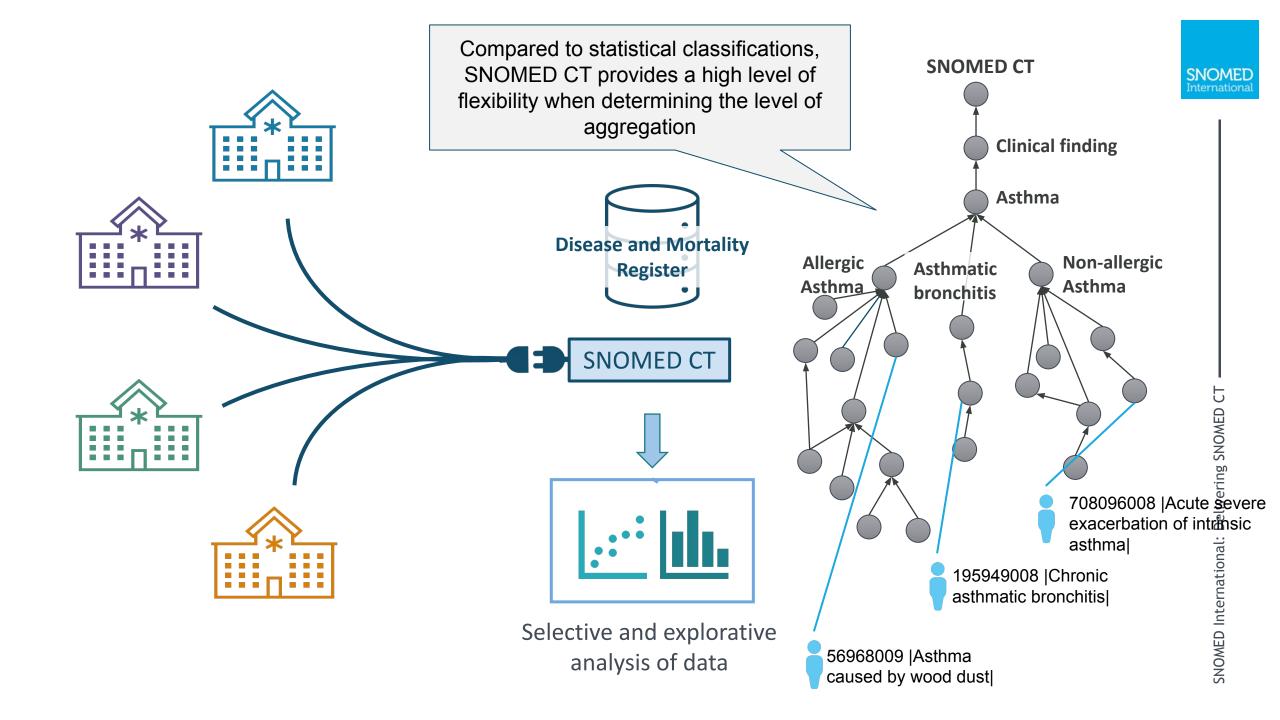
Use a synthetic data set inspired by
Danish National Statistics for the
incidence rate of selected disorders

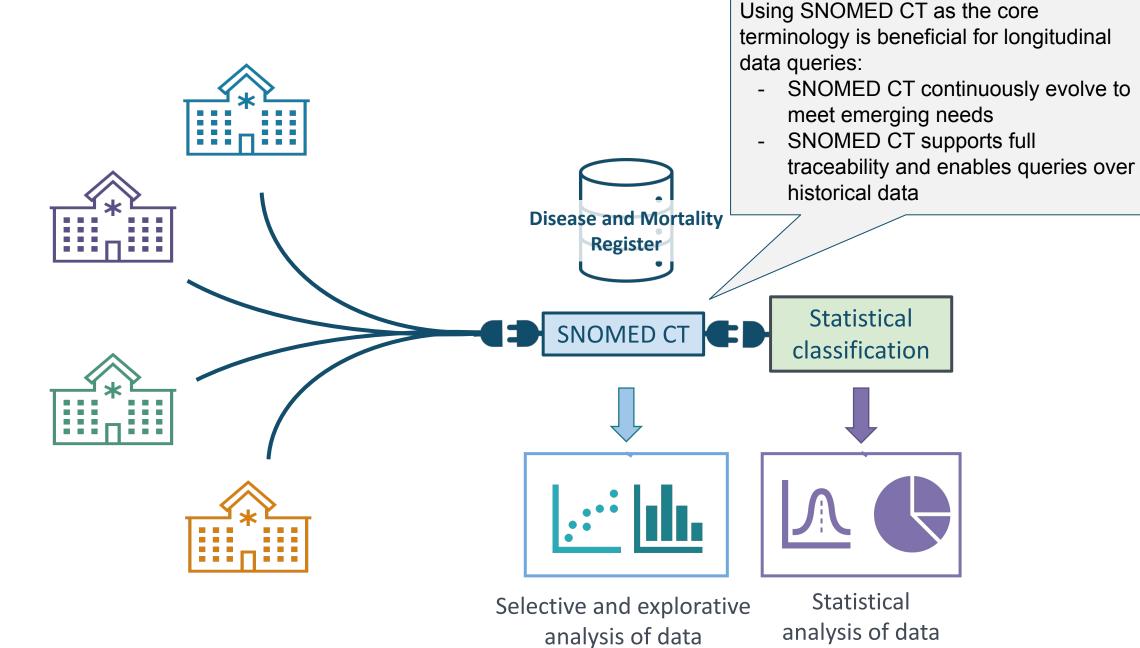
Small 1 million person population for demo



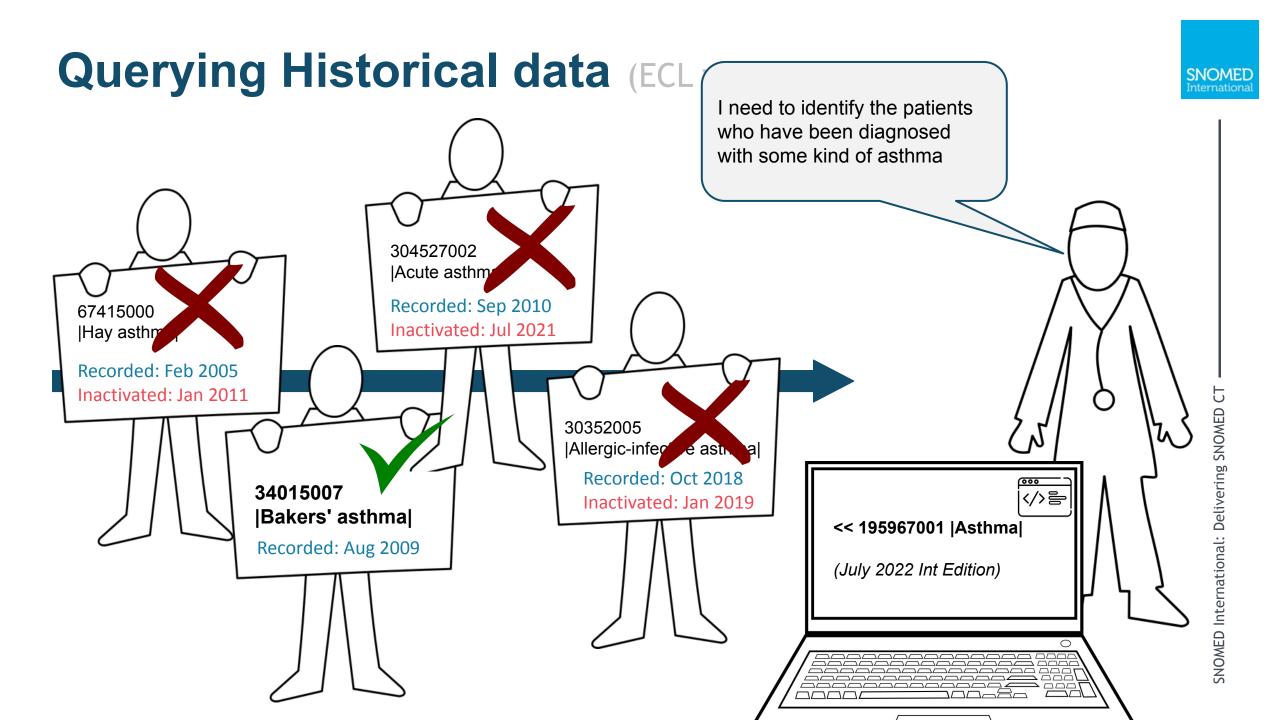


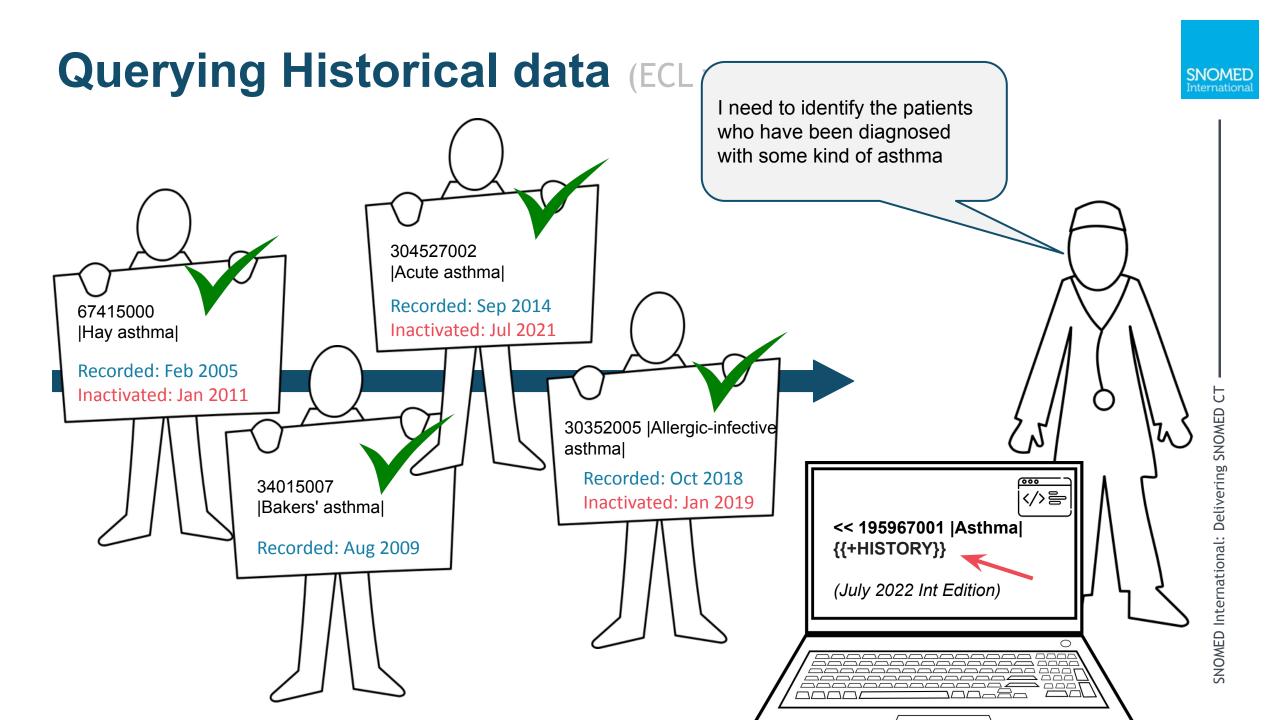












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History Supplements (ECL v2.0)

No attributes





No parents

Allergic-infective asthma (disorder)

SCTID: 30352005

30352005 | Allergic-infective asthma (disorder)

- en Allergic-infective asthma (disorder)
- en Allergic-infective asthma

Why are concepts inactivated?

Inactivations are required to ...

Correct errors and keep pace with changing clinical knowledge

Important to retain access to inactivated content to support historical records

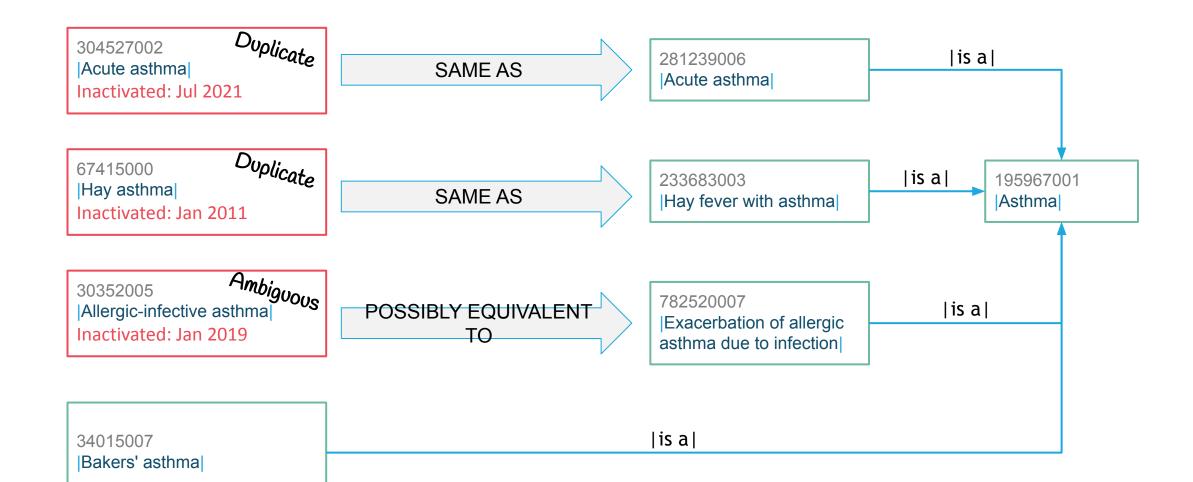
Children

No children

7

History Supplements (ECL v2.0)





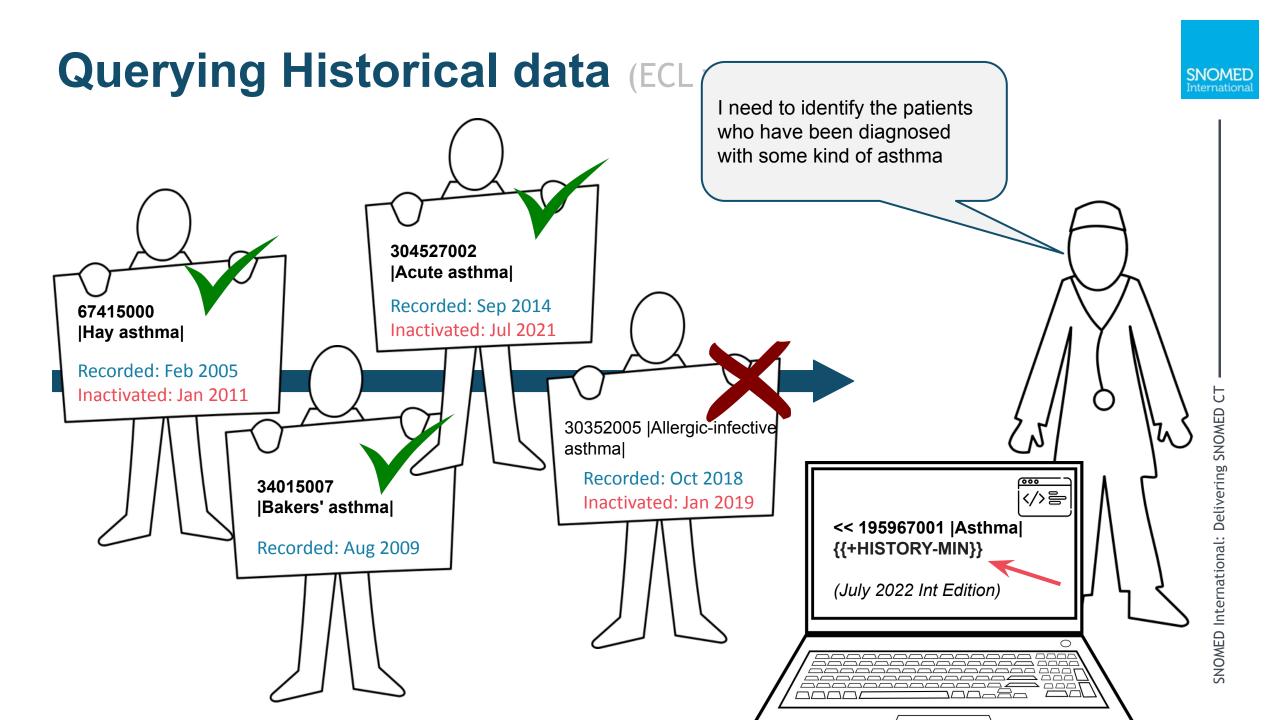
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History Supplements (ECL v2.0)



History Profile	Historical Association Reference Sets
HISTORY-MIN	90000000000527005 SAME AS association reference set
HISTORY-MOD	 90000000000527005 SAME AS association reference set 90000000000526001 REPLACED BY association reference set 9000000000528000 WAS A association reference set 1186924009 PARTIALLY EQUIVALENT TO association reference set
HISTORY-MAX HISTORY (*)	< 90000000000522004 Historical association reference set





Enabling Preventive Care Measures



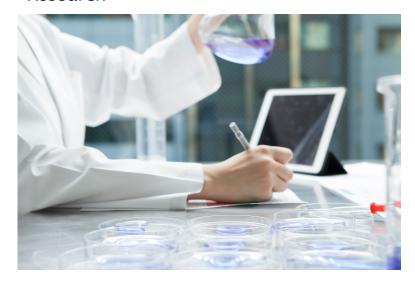
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Data Analytics 2 - Preventative Measures



Research



Improving the quality and efficiency of care

Which groups are most at risk? Consider preventative measures?

Data Analytics 2 - Preventative Measures



Patient group

People with COVID-19 (any variant)

Outcomes

People with pneumonia due to COVID-19

People died



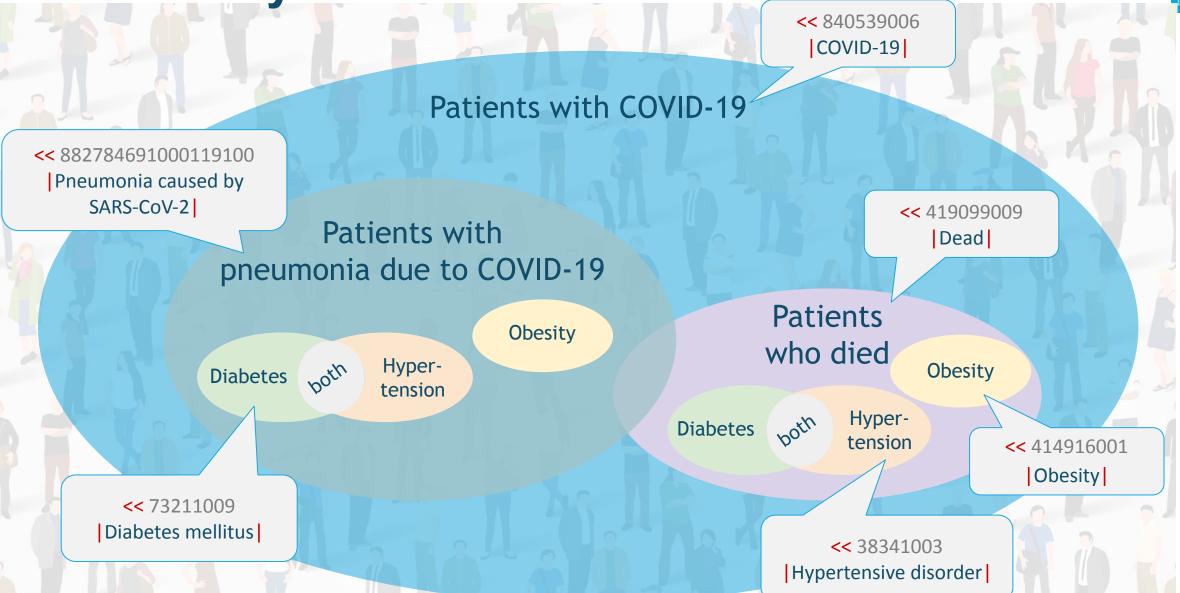
Risk factors

Obesity

Diabetes

Hypertension

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Assessing treatments

How effective is each treatment option?



Patient cohort

BRCA1 gene mutation

Increased risk of breast cancer

Treatment

Drug prevention available

Risk of severe side effects

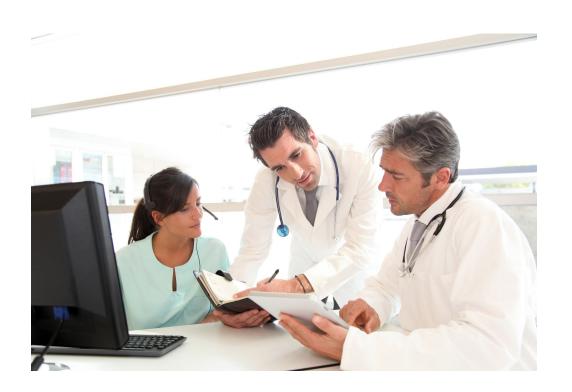


Question

Does the medication significantly reduce the risk of cancer?









Patients with BRCA1 gene mutation

Patients taking cancer preventive medicine

Patients **not**taking cancer preventive
medicine

Patients
diagnosed with
breast cancer

SNOMED CT Queries

Question

What concepts

People with BRCA1 gene mutation

All concepts that are subtypes of the concept 'BRCA1 gene mutation positive'

People taking breast cancer preventive medicine?

All concepts that are types of either 'Tamoxifen-containing product', 'Anastrozole-containing product', or 'Raloxifene-containing product'

People with breast cancer?

All concepts that represent a disease with a morphology of 'Malignant tumor of breast'

Expression constraint language SNOMED International

Query

<< 412734009

BRCA1 gene mutation positive

<< 75959001 |Tamoxifen-containing product|
OR << 108774000 |Anastrozole-containing
product| OR << 419530003
|Raloxifene-containing product|

<< 254837009

|Malignant tumor of breast

hationa De





<< 412734009

BRCA1 gene mutation positive

Patients with BRCA1 gene mutation

Patients taking medication containing either tamoxifen, anastrozole or raloxifene

Patients **not** taking preventive medication

Patients diagnosed with breast cancer

<< 75959001 |Tamoxifen-containing product|
OR << 108774000 |Anastrozole-containing
product| OR << 419530003

Raloxifene-containing product

<< 254837009 |Malignant tumor of breast|



<< 254837009 | Malignant tumor of breast |

	Patient_ld	Diagnosis	Diagnosis term
	001	145501000119108	Metastatic malignant neoplasm of breast
	002	722223000	Cyst of kidney
Electronic	003	254840009	Inflammatory carcinoma of breast
data	004	64226004	Colitis
(E	005	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
	006	278050001	Sarcoma of breast
	007	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
	800	254837009	Malignant tumor of breast
	009	405944004	Asthmatic bronchitis
	010	46635009	Type 1 diabetes mellitus



SELECT Patient_Id **FROM** EHR **WHERE** Diagnosis = (<< 254837009 |Malignant tumor of breast|)

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ECL Expansion
15950061000119105
353421000119109
145501000119108
354591000119108
448435005
254840009
286896005
278050001
271467005
403458008
373082000
373081007
254837009
254841008
188159008
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Interpreting The Results

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Interpreting Results (General)



- Correlation does not equal causation!
 - These reports create correlations which provide an important first step in clinical research,
 however a correlation on it's own does not provide enough evidence to support decision making
 - Additional statistical techniques should be used to verify the results
 - The Snolytical API supports accessing the raw data for this purpose
- We must check for alternative patterns and explanations for the results
 - For example, when comparing two drugs:
 - **Drug A** may appear to perform much better than **Drug B** when measuring outcomes alone.
 - However **Drug B** may be routinely chosen for patients with existing severe comorbidities because it has less side effects. Therefore which drug is prescribed is **not the only factor**.
 - Examples of factors that can influence outcomes:
 existing conditions, lifestyle, family history, age, genetics, drug interactions.. many others
 - SNOMED CT can be used for this too!





- Implementation and Education Resources
- Implementation roadmap for healthcare organizations and vendors
- 3. Terminology servers
- 4. Benefits of SNOMED CT in data analytics
- 5. Decision support and examples
- 5. Discussion and questions



Decision Support and Examples



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Project Brief

- Enable use of SNOMED CT in low resource and digitally maturing settings
- Demonstrate high value features
- Create an implementation exemplar for other software vendors to follow
- Gain implementation experience





What is Bahmni

- Bahmni is an easy-to-use open source EMR & hospital system using OpenMRS and other components
- Recognized as a Digital Public Good
- Widely implemented: 500+ sites.
 50+ Countries. 4K+ Users. 2M+
 Patient Records
- Bahmni Coalition: Strong community





Collaboration Approach

- Bahmni started without native SNOMED CT support
- First goal was to record using SNOMED CT
- Second goal was to leverage SNOMED CT to deliver benefits to users
- The Implementation Team worked collaboratively with the Bahmni development team





Features Delivered

- 1. Diagnosis Search and Save
- 2. Procedure Order Entry
- Medication Clinical DecisionSupport
- 4. Interoperability Features
- 5. Analytics Integration

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Questions?



THANK YOU

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